

Michael Gibbs, Managing Director, Lead Portfolio Manager | (901) 579-4346 | michael.gibbs@raymondjames.com
 Joey Madere, CFA | (901) 529-5331 | joey.madere@raymondjames.com
 Richard Sewell, CFA | (901) 524-4194 | richard.sewell@raymondjames.com
 Mitch Clayton, CMT, Senior Technical Analyst | (901) 579-4812 | mitch.clayton@raymondjames.com

DECEMBER 3, 2025 | 3:37 PM EST

Weekly Market Guide

Following a 5.1% drawdown (its first 3%+ pullback in over 6 months), the S&P 500 has bounced over the past week.

“Soft-patch” economic data and Fed expectations, along with fluctuations in the AI narrative, have been the primary influences on the market lately.

A strong start to holiday shopping has eased concerns on the consumer. Mastercard reported US Black Friday sales up +4.1% y/y (vs expectations of 3.6%). Furthermore, e-commerce sales jumped 10.4% vs in-store sales +1.7%. Restaurant spending was up 4.5%. AdobeAnalytics supported these numbers, reporting Black Friday online sales +9.1% y/y. These numbers indicate a healthy consumer, despite sluggish employment trends, which should boost economic and earnings growth.

Expectations for a rate cut by the Federal Reserve on December 10th have shifted upward. The current market-implied probability of a 25bp cut is up to 95% (from 29% odds on 11/19). With current monetary policy in restrictive territory, along with higher employment risks and lower inflation risks, we agree that the Fed is likely to cut next week. Importantly, looser policy is boosting bank lending, which should stimulate economic activity ahead.

Technically, the S&P is exhibiting a good bounce- the index is back above the 50-day moving average and 1% from October 29th highs. We are encouraged by the broadening participation beneath the surface, as there are more S&P stocks above their 50 DMA now than at the market highs. Seasonal tailwinds persist, as December is historically one of the best months for market performance. Watch for potential resistance in the 6850-6920 area, as well as support in the 6600-6734 area. The market is attempting to break its trend of lower highs and lower lows since the October peak.

All in all, we view the current market consolidation as normal and healthy (following a 6-month glide-path higher). **We also believe downside should be limited, and would look to use weakness as opportunity.** Our positive stance on equities over the next 12 months is supported by healthy economic and earnings growth (boosted by tax savings, investment incentives/spending, lagged effect of lower rates). AI has dominated the market narrative for ~3 years now, and we are hopeful that the benefits of this technology can begin to broaden out across industries, rather than just a narrow sleeve of companies. With valuation multiples much lower outside of AI/Tech-land, we believe diversification is important.

Equity Market Indices	Price Return	
	Year to Date	12 Months
Dow Jones Industrial Avg	11.6%	6.0%
S&P 500	16.1%	12.9%
S&P 500 (Equal-Weighted)	8.2%	1.5%
NASDAQ Composite	21.2%	20.7%
Russell 2000	10.5%	1.3%
MSCI All-Cap World	19.2%	16.0%
MSCI Developed Markets	24.0%	20.9%
MSCI Emerging Markets	27.7%	26.5%
NYSE Alerian MLP	2.1%	-3.9%
MSCI U.S. REIT	0.6%	-6.1%
S&P 500 Sectors		Price Return Sector
Sectors		Year to Date Weighting
Communication Svcs.	33.0%	10.7%
Information Technology	24.8%	35.0%
S&P 500	16.1%	-
Industrials	15.7%	8.0%
Utilities	15.4%	2.3%
Health Care	11.9%	9.6%
Financials	9.1%	13.0%
Materials	5.1%	1.7%
Consumer Discretionary	4.6%	10.3%
Energy	4.5%	2.8%
Consumer Staples	2.7%	4.8%
Real Estate	0.2%	1.7%

Source: FactSet

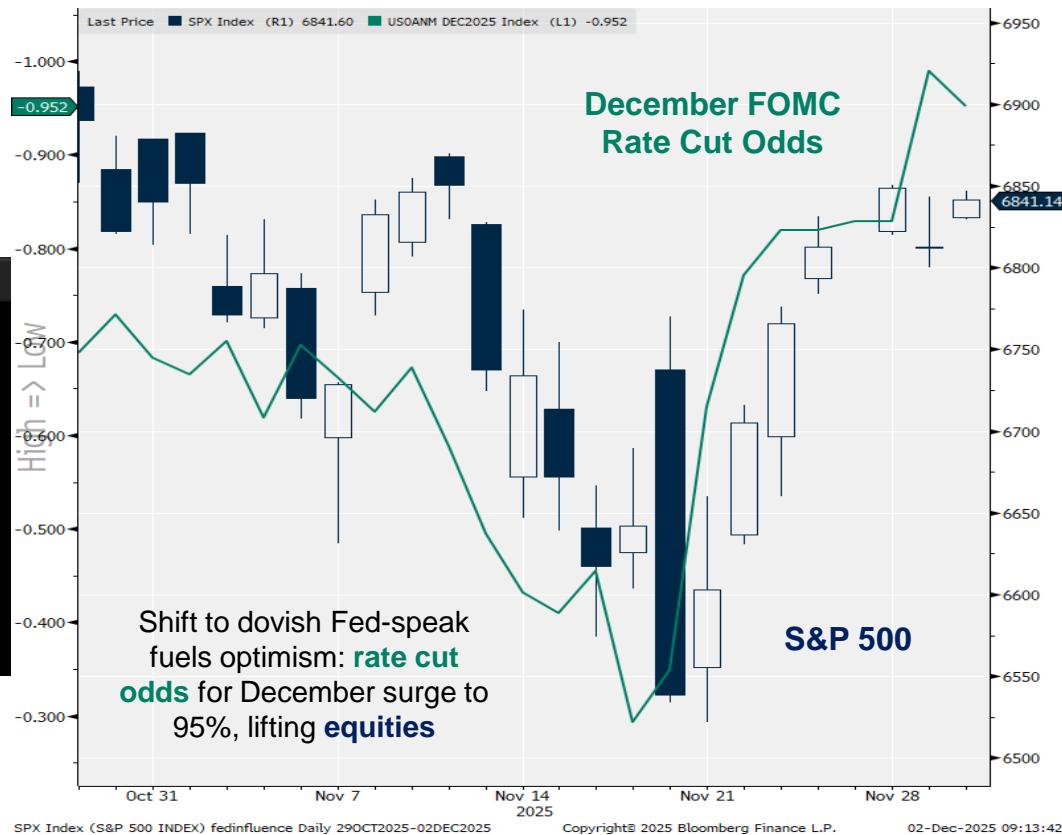
Fed Influence on Equities

Expectations for a rate cut by the Federal Reserve on December 10th have bounced back. The current market-implied probability of a 25bp cut is up to 95% (from 29% odds on 11/19). With monetary policy in restrictive territory, along with higher employment risks and lower inflation risks, we agree that the Fed is likely to cut next week. Importantly, looser policy is boosting bank lending, which should stimulate economic activity ahead.

Market-Implied Fed Funds Rate Probabilities

Region: United States »	
Target Rate	4.00
Effective Rate	3.89

Meeting	#Hikes/Cuts	%Hike/Cut	Imp. Rate Δ	Implied Rate
12/10/2025	-0.946	-94.6%	-0.236	3.655
01/28/2026	-1.255	-31.0%	-0.314	3.578
03/18/2026	-1.618	-36.3%	-0.405	3.487
04/29/2026	-1.896	-27.7%	-0.474	3.418
06/17/2026	-2.494	-59.9%	-0.624	3.268
07/29/2026	-2.835	-34.1%	-0.709	3.182
09/16/2026	-3.208	-37.3%	-0.802	3.089
10/28/2026	-3.415	-20.8%	-0.854	3.038
12/09/2026	-3.627	-21.2%	-0.907	2.985



Source: Bloomberg, FactSet

Technical: S&P 500



Technically, the S&P is exhibiting a good bounce- back above the 50-day moving average and 1% from October 29th highs.

Watch for potential resistance in the 6850-6920 area, as well as support in the 6600-6734 area. The market is attempting to break its trend of lower highs and lower lows since the October peak.

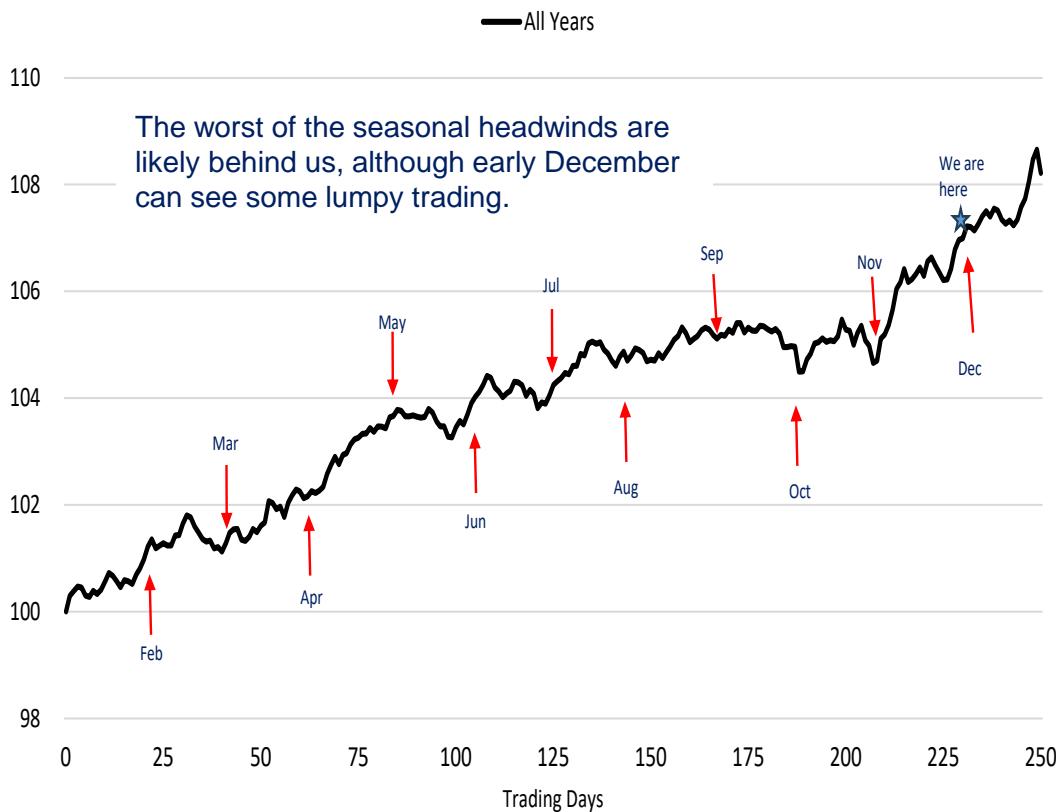
All in all, we view the current market consolidation as normal and healthy (following a 6-month glide-path higher). We also believe downside should be limited, and would look to use weakness as opportunity.

Source: Bloomberg, FactSet

Seasonality

Seasonal tailwinds persist, as December is historically one of the best months for market performance.

S&P 500 Historical Average Performance (since 1960)

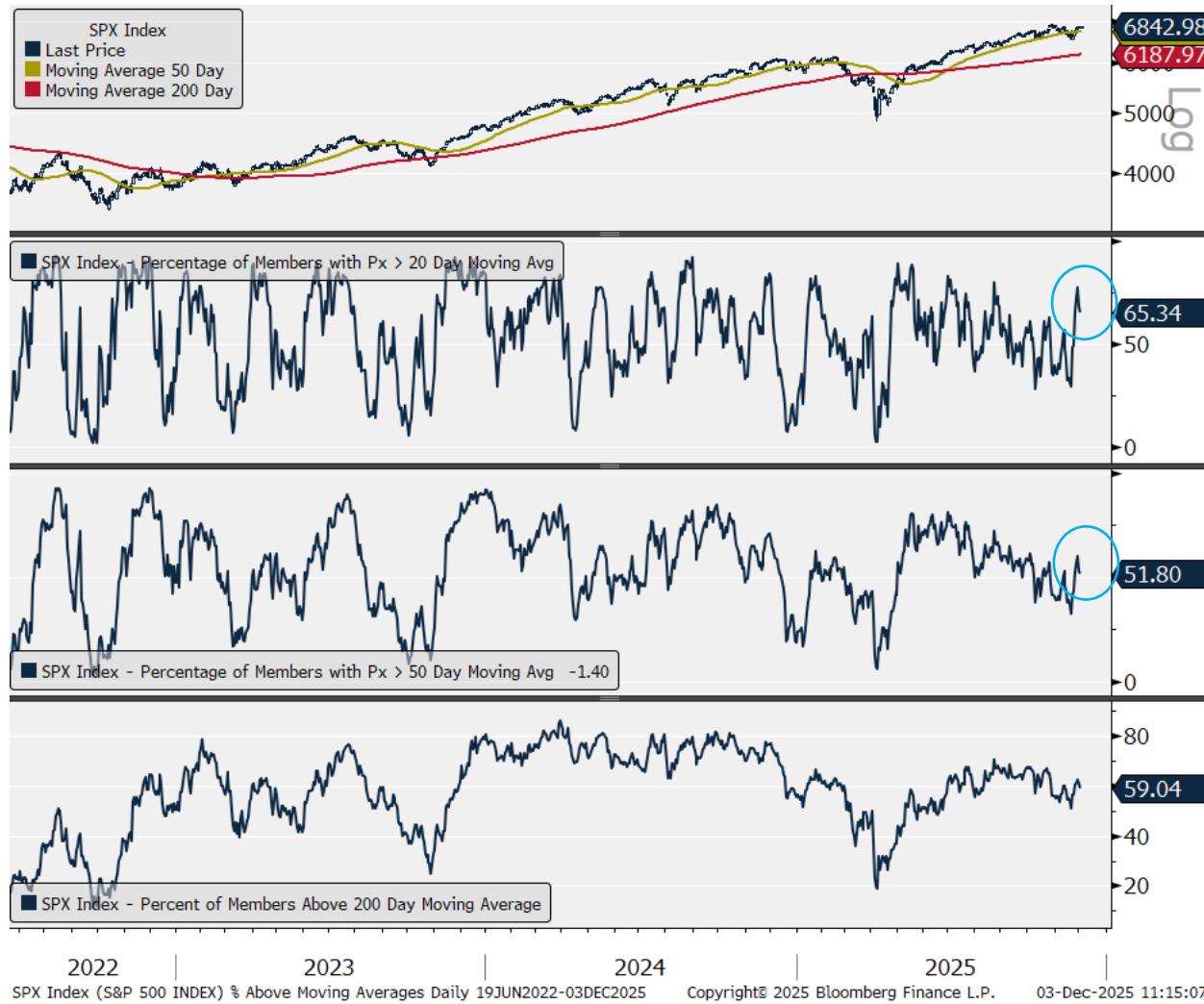


S&P 500: Historical Monthly Returns

Row Labels	Since 1960		
	Average of Return	StdDev of Return	Rank
Jan	1 1.06%	4.90%	4
Feb	2 0.05%	3.75%	11
Mar	3 0.95%	3.79%	6
Apr	4 1.33%	4.10%	2
May	5 0.34%	3.69%	8
Jun	6 0.12%	3.57%	10
Jul	7 0.91%	3.99%	7
Aug	8 0.26%	4.56%	9
Sep	9 -0.76%	4.31%	12
Oct	10 1.04%	5.69%	5
Nov	11 1.76%	4.40%	1
Dec	12 1.27%	3.40%	3
Grand Total		0.69%	4.28%

Source: Bloomberg, FactSet

S&P 500: % of Stocks Above Moving Averages



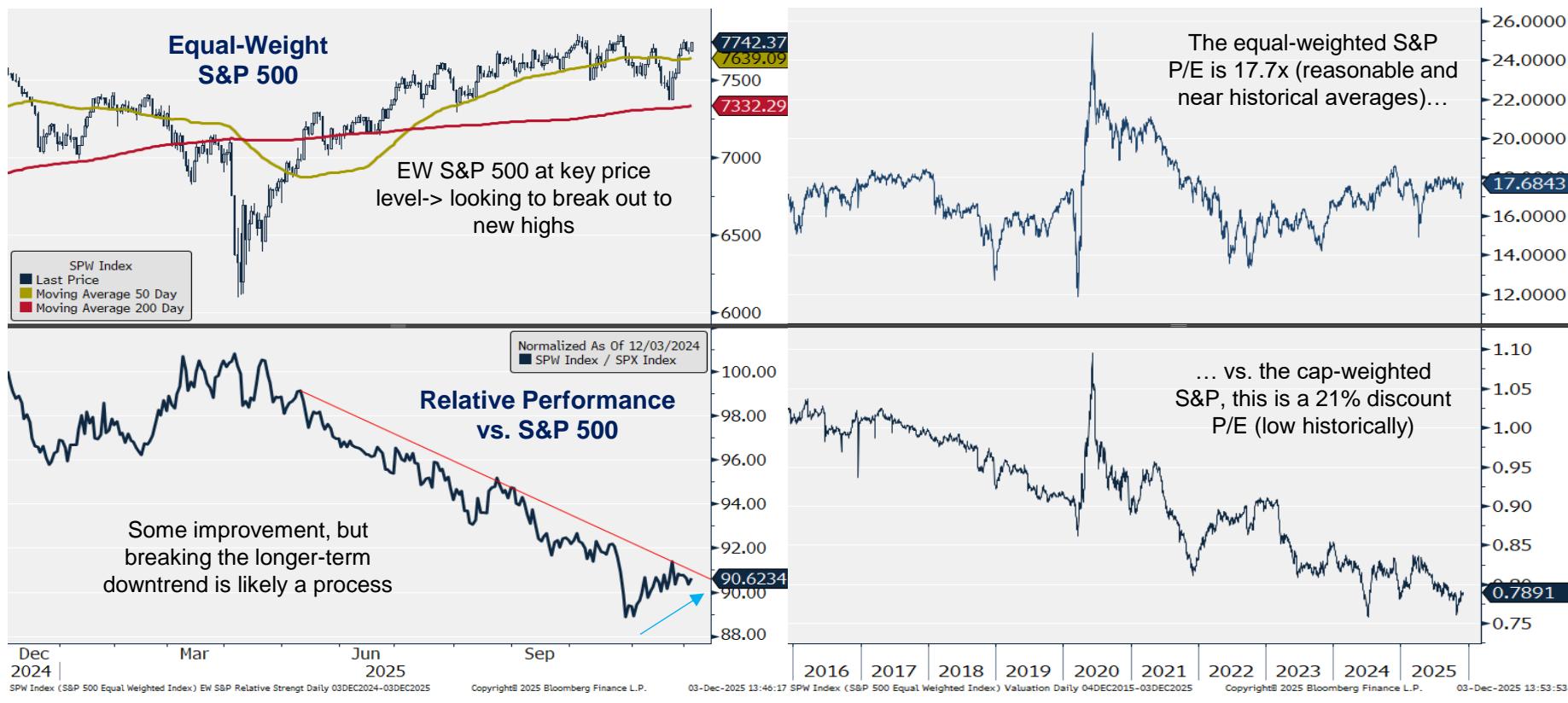
We are encouraged by the broadening participation in the market bounce.

We are seeing an improvement in the percentage of members trading above their 20 and 50-day moving averages, posting their highest readings in months- and better readings than when the S&P was at highs.

Source: Bloomberg, FactSet

Diversification is Still Important

The recent market rotation has the “average stock” near a price break out, and relative strength is testing the downtrend in place since April/Liberation Day lows. AI has dominated the market narrative for ~3 years now, which has led to a high bar (and elevated valuations) for stocks levered to the AI infrastructure build out. While Tech trades at an elevated 28x P/E (stretching the S&P P/E to 22x), the “average stock” trades at just 17.7x. We are hopeful that the benefits of AI/technology can begin to broaden out across industries, rather than just a narrow sleeve of companies. And as the market fundamentals broaden out, we believe performance will broaden out as well. In our opinion, this bodes well for diversification and active management.



IMPORTANT INVESTOR DISCLOSURES

Gibbs Capital Management, a division of Eagle Asset Management (Eagle) a wholly-owned subsidiary of Raymond James Investment management.

All expressions of opinion in the foregoing reflect the judgment of Gibbs Capital Management and are subject to change without notice. Information in this report has been obtained from sources considered reliable, but we do not guarantee its accuracy, completeness, or timeliness. Content provided herein is for informational purposes only and should not be used or construed as investment advice or a recommendation regarding the purchase or sale of any security outside of a managed account. This should not be considered forward looking and does not guarantee the future performance of any investment.

It is important to review the investment objectives, risk tolerance, tax objectives and liquidity needs before choosing an investment style or manager. All investments carry a certain degree of risk, including loss. There is no assurance that any strategy will be successful, and no one particular investment style or manager is suitable for all types of investors. Indices are not available for direct investment. Any investor who attempts to mimic the performance of an index would incur fees and expenses which would reduce returns. Asset allocation and diversification does not ensure a profit or protect against a loss.

Sector investments are companies engaged in business related to a specific sector. They are subject to fierce competition and their products and services may be subject to rapid obsolescence. There are additional risks associated with investing in an individual sector, including limited diversification.

Commodities and currencies investing are generally considered speculative because of the significant potential for investment loss. Their markets are likely to be volatile and there may be sharp price fluctuations even during periods when prices overall are rising.

Links to third-party websites are being provided for informational purposes only. Gibbs Capital Management is not affiliated with and does not endorse, authorize, or sponsor any of the listed websites or their respective sponsors. Gibbs Capital Management is not responsible for the content of any third-party website or the collection or use of information regarding any websites users and/or members.

Index Definitions

The **S&P 500** is an unmanaged index of 500 widely held stocks that is generally considered representative of the U.S. stock market.

The **Dow Jones Industrial Average (DJIA)** is a price-weighted average of 30 significant stocks traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) and the NASDAQ.

The **NASDAQ Composite** is a stock market index of the common stocks and similar securities listed on the NASDAQ stock market.

The **MSCI World All Cap Index** captures large, mid, small and micro-cap representation across 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries. With 11,732 constituents, the index is comprehensive, covering approximately 99% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country.

The **MSCI EAFE (Europe, Australasia, and Far East)** is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure developed market equity performance, excluding the United States & Canada. The EAFE consists of the country indices of 21 developed nations.

The **MSCI Emerging Markets Index** is designed to measure equity market performance in 23 emerging market countries. The index's three largest industries are materials, energy, and banks.

The **Russell 2000** index is an index measuring the performance of approximately 2,000 smallest-cap American companies in the Russell 3000 Index, which is made up of 3,000 of the largest U.S. stocks.

The **NYSE Alerian MLP** is the leading gauge of energy infrastructure Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs). The capped, float-adjusted, capitalization-weighted index, whose constituents earn the majority of their cash flow from midstream activities involving energy commodities, is disseminated real-time on a price-return basis (AMZ) and on a total-return basis (AMZX).

The **Barclays Intermediate Government/Credit Bond** index measures the performance of U.S. Dollar denominated U.S. Treasuries, government-related and investment grade U.S. corporate securities that have a remaining maturity of greater than one year and less than ten years.

The **Euro Stoxx 50 Index** is a market capitalization weighted stock index of 50 large, blue-chip European companies operating within Eurozone nations. Components are selected from the Euro STOXX Index which includes large-, mid- and small-cap stocks in the Eurozone.

The **China CSI 300** is a capitalization-weighted stock market index designed to replicate the performance of top 300 stocks traded in the Shanghai and Shenzhen stock exchanges. It had a sub-indexes CSI 100 Index and CSI 200 Index.

The **S&P 500 Futures** is a capitalization-weighted index of 500 stocks. The index is designed to measure performance of the broad domestic economy through changes in the aggregate market value of 500 stocks representing all major industries.

The **DJIA Futures** is a stock market index futures contract traded on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange's Globex electronic trading platform. Dow Futures is based off the Dow 30 stock index.

The **Nasdaq 100 Futures** is a modified capitalization-weighted index of the 100 largest and most active non-financial domestic and international companies listed on the NASDAQ.

Europe: DAX (Deutscher Aktienindex (German stock index)) is a blue chip stock market index consisting of the 40 major German companies trading on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange.

Asia: Nikkei is short for Japan's Nikkei 225 Stock Average, the leading and most-respected index of Japanese stocks. It is a price-weighted index composed of Japan's top 225 blue-chip companies traded on the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

Keep in mind that individuals cannot invest directly in any index, and index performance does not include transaction costs or other fees, which will affect actual investment performance. Individual investor's results will vary. Past performance does not guarantee future results. Future investment performance cannot be guaranteed, investment yields will fluctuate with market conditions.